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Agenda

- A quick word on understanding work process
- The 3 Stages of testing
- How we plan & mange testing
- Q&A



I am the business expert

- Remember P&G aren't IT vendors we operate in the realms of business +technology (so try and see it from that perspective)
- I visit the customer
- I understand their work-processes
- I am in a position to know what the systems needs to do
- Therefore I am accountable for its success
- I "Match and Map" to the existing solution or work with vendors to build new capability.





3 Stages of Testing



Any ideas?

Stages of Testing

- Unit Testing
 - "Each bit seems to work in it's own right"
- Situation Acceptance Testing

 "Nice! Everything <u>seems</u> to work together end to end"
- Business Acceptance Testing
 - "Real data validated i.e. everything <u>does</u> work together end to end"



Unit Testing



• Who's involved?

- The development team only

• What's it's purpose?

- To ensure that there are no "technical errors"

- What's not tested?
 - That the correct data is displayed
 - Links between that 'unit' & other 'units'



How does this apply to SCLS?

- What methods and classes are you creating?
 - Loading Orders?
 - createReport([some variable])?
- What's the 1st way you normally find out if there's a *technical error* in your code?
- Compile as you go is a type of unit test.
- Call methods and make sure they don't throw errors (might have to mock up some variables)
 - Hence the benefit of OOP as long as you know you receive an "int" and give a "string" (for example) you can work with that



Unit Testing in P&G

• An example;



Is the report in the menu?



Does it give you a programming error?



Unit Testing



- Check-step
 - How many issues were **encountered**?
 - How many issues are still **open**?
 - How many of the open issues are **critical**?
- Have the **success criteria** been met?
- Unit testing **sign-off** is given. (we'll cover tracking later)



System Integration Testing

- Who's involved?
 - The development team only
- What's it's purpose?
 - To ensure end-to-end processes work
 - To ensure data "looks sensible"
 - Others; e.g. security access
 - You're confident the application should work given real data!
- What's not tested?
 - That the correct data is displayed



How does this apply to SCLS?

- Really important for this exercise because of your groups
- You need to make sure:
 - Methods are calling each other
 - Passing correct variable types etc
 - No errors are occurring
- How are your groups split up? Does the application appear to work as expected?
 - E.g. when a order is uploaded is the application able to check the stock?
- Need to test the functionality end to end.
 - Dry run before you involve real data.



System Integration Testing

• An example;

Create Asset: Initial screen			
Master data Depreciation areas	R		
	Create Asset:	Master data	
Asset Class	Asset values		
Company Code 310 Number of similar assets 1	Asset INTERN-0000 Class 100FR010	1 0 Building -Admin/Com. Company Code	310
	General Time-de	pendent Allocations Origin Net Worth Tax	Insuran
	General data		
	Description	Building in France	
SThe asset 100000053842	Asset main no. text		
is created	Acct determination	100FR010 Buildings - Admin et commercial	
	Serial number	32987492387	
	Inventory number	97326-754	
	Quantity		
		Manage historically	

System Integration Testing

- Check-step
 - How many issues were **encountered**?
 - How many issues are still **open**?
 - How many of the open issues are **critical**?
- Have the success criteria been met?
- ... SIT testing **sign-off** is given.



Business Acceptance Testing

- Who's involved?
 - Key users, supported by the development team
- What's it's purpose?
 - To ensure end-to-end processes work
 - To ensure data is correct
 - Others; eg security access
- What's not tested?
 - Nothing



How does this apply to SCLS?

- I guess this is probably a step too far for this project.
- BAT would take place when:
 - you have won the contact
 - your development is complete
 - You want the user to test the functionality end to end
- Real data, validated at each step very labour and time intensive



Business Acceptance Testing

• It's nearly the same!

Create Asset: Initial screen		
Master data Depreciation areas	R	
	Create Asset: Master data	
Asset Class	Asset values	
Company Code 310 Number of similar assets 1	Asset INTERN-00001 0 Class 100FR010 Building -Admin/Com.	Company Code 310
	General Time-dependent Allocations Origin Net	t Worth Tax Insuran
	General data	
	Description Building in France	
The asset 100000053842	Asset main no. text	
is created	Acct determination 100FR010 Buildings - Admin et commer	cial
	Serial number 32987492387	
	Inventory number 97326-754	
	Quantity	
	Manage historically	

Business Acceptance Testing

- Check-step
 - How many issues were **encountered**?
 - How many issues are still **open**?
 - How many of the open issues are **critical**?
- Have the success criteria been met?
- **Business** sign-off is given:
 - All key users agree that the system works exactly how it should and they are happy for the system to be deployed



Project Management Balance Quadrant





What's next?

- Documentation
- Training
- Go-live
- Post go-live support





How to Test



If you don't know where you're going how will you get there?

How to test



- Develop your test plan
- Use your UML to help then plan your tests (I've massively simplified mine it is your course work after all ⁽³⁾)
- What is CRITICAL, what is not critical
- What are your success criteria?





Test Plans

Test	Method Required	Owner	Desired outcome	Actual Outcome	Date	Further Action
Upload O	rder					
Can open file	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	ХХХ
Create Or	Create Order					
Item is instock	checkStock(item, quantity, DC)	Stuart (Ordering team)	True is returned by checkStock method	True	4/11/08	none
Item is out of stock	checkStock(item, quantity, DC)	Stuart (Ordering team)	False is returned by checkStock	True	4/11/08	Investigate checkStock
Sending stock alerts	sendAlert(DC,order)	Pete (DC team)	"Message sent" returned by method	"message sent"	4/11/08	
Arrange collection						
XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	XXX	ХХХ	XXX

Tracking & Success Criteria

- When testing, how do you know...
 - what still needs to be fixed?
 - if you are on track to deliver a complete solution ontime?
- Answer:
 - A single issue tracking system for everyone throughout the whole project.
 - Should contain: Issue description, impact, owner, status
 - Set success criteria for each phase of the project.
 - % of minor issues still open
 - % of critical issues still open



Key tips

- Set clear success criteria <u>before</u> you start testing
 What can you simply not go-live without?
- Don't underestimate time needed to resolve issues
 - Test everything
 - Fix issues
 - Test fixes
 - Fix issues caused by previous fixes
 - Re-test fixes





Thank you!

P&G

Questions?

Internships & Full Time

No. 1

- Internships
- £1,650 p/m
- Most are 12 weeks long over the summer
- Locations across Europe
- Real responsibility from Day 1 as an intern



• Closing Date: 31st March



Our Application Process





