Sample Designs

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The SEOC process: Where are we?

- 1. Gathering Requirements
 - Writing a Requirements Specification Document (e.g., see the VOLERE template)
- 2. Capturing functional requirements into Use Cases
 - Describe use cases by a Use Case Template
- 3. Modelling a preliminary system design into Class Diagrams
- 4. Validating your design by CRC cards

The SEOC process: Where are we?

1. Requirements

2. Use Cases

3. Class Diagrams

4. Validation



The SEOC Project Deliverable 1

- 1. Requirements Specification
- 2. Use Case Model
- 3. Class Model
- 4. Validation of Class Model
- 5. Deliverable Assessment

SEOC Activity Deliverables





Deliverable 1

- Requirements Specification
- Use Case Model
- Class Model
 - Validation of Class Model
- Deliverable Assessment

Deliverable 1 Assessment

Part 3 - Deliverable Marking Scheme

Deliverable Marking Scheme Deliverable Questions Marks Part **Deliverable** 1 Requirements Q1. Did vou organise/collect the system requirements by using [/ 5] a Requirements Specification template (e.g., Volere)? Assess the quality of your Software Requirements Specification (SRS) document Marks Limit: **Q2.** Did vou distinguish different types of requirements (e.g., func-[/ 5] Requirements [20/100]tional or non-functional)? Assess how your SRS identifies different types of requirements. Q3. Do you believe you got most of the system requirements [/ 5] (requirements completeness)? Assess the extent to which you have Specification elicited and gathered requirements from the main sources. Q4. Have you identified/resolved conflicting requirements (re-[/ 5] quirements correctness)? Assess the extent to which you have resolved conflicting requirements among different types (e.g., func-Use Case Model tional and non-functional) or across teams. Use Cases Q5. Did you graphically represent the functional requirements by / 10] Use Cases? Assess to which extent your use case diagram captures main system functionalities and actors. Marks Limit: Q6. Did you refine the use cases by generalization, include or [/ 10] [30/100]extend relationships? Assess to which extent you have refined and structured use cases. Class Model Q7. Did you use a template for describing use cases? Assess to [/ 10] which extent you have clarified and described use case information (completeness and correctness). Class Q8. Does your class diagram identify the main classes of the / 10] Diagrams system? Assess to which extent your class diagram realizes system Validation of Class use cases. Marks Limit: **Q9.** Did you specify Attributes and Operations for each class? [/ 10] [30/100]Assess the completeness of class specification. Q10. Did you identify relationships (i.e., Dependency, Associa-[/ 10] Model tion, Aggregation, Composition and Inheritance or Generalization) between classes? Assess the object orientation quality of your class diagram. CRC Q11. Did vou construct CRC cards for your system design? Assess / 10] Cards the completeness and correctness of CRC cards. Marks Limit: Q12. Did you verify your Class Diagrams? Did you play any [/ 10] [20/100]use case with the CRC Cards in order to verify your class diagram? Assess the quality and the coverage of your requirements and design verification by CRC cards.

Deliverable Mark

/100



CARMATCH

Sample Designs

CARMATCH Background

- CARMATCH is a franchising company that is being set up to promote car sharing
- Organizational goal: reduce carbon emissions
- CARMATCH seeks to promote car sharing
 - Matching potential car sharers
- CARMATCH consists of a three layer structure: (non-for-profit trust) global operation; national central operating company; local franchises
- In some countries, it offers insurances
- Main Profits: membership fees, consultancies, insurance commissions
- CARMATCH needs (has the requirements for) a computer system that can be used by its franchisees

CARMATCH Requirements

- 1. To develop a system that will hold information about members of the CARMATCH scheme
- 2. To match members up with other members as car sharers
- 3. To record insurance sales
- 4. To record details of potential and actual consultancy in the area of operation
- 5. The system must be capable of future expansion to incorporate information about toll and roadpricing and equipment sold to and installed for members

CARMATCH Requirements Specification

The System Requirements Specification Version ...

Table of Contents

PROJECT DRIVERS

- 1. The Purpose of the Project
- 2. Client, Customer and other Stakeholders
- 3. Users of the Product

PROJECT CONSTRAINTS

- 4. Mandated Constraints
- 5. Naming Conventions and Definitions
- 6. Relevant Facts and Assumptions

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- 7. The Scope of the Work
- 8. The Scope of the Product
- 9. Functional and Data Requirements

NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- 10. Look and Feel Requirements
- 11. Usability and Humanity Requirements
- 12. Performance Requirements
- 13. Operational Requirements
- 14. Maintainability and Support Requirements
- 15. Security Requirements
- 16. Cultural and Political Requirements
- 17. Legal Requirements

PROJECT ISSUES

- 18. Open Issues
- 19. Off-the-Shelf Solutions
- 20. New Problems
- 21. Tasks
- 22. Cutover
- 23. Risks
- 24. Costs
- 25. User Documentation and Training
- 26. Waiting Room
- 27. Ideas for Solutions

Specification prepared by Date

- Project Drivers
 - CARMATCH background
 - CARMATCH organization, Local governments, EU?, Locan franchises, car sharers, etc.
 - System Users?

Project Constraints

- Budget, Deadlines, Laws, etc.?
- Functional Requirements
- 1. To hold information about members
 - 1. 1
 - 2.2
 - 3.3
- 2. To match car sharers
- 3. To record insurance sales
- 4. To record details consultancies
- Non-functional Requirements
- SEOC Lecture Note 06

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Requirements Specification

CARMATCH Requirements Specification

	The System	-	Project Drivers	
	Requirements Specificatio	on	 CARMATCH background CARMATCH organization, Local 	
	Table of Contents PROJECT DRIVERS 1. The Purpose of the Project		governments, EU?, Locan tranchises, car sharers, etc. • System Users?	
	2. Client, Customer and other Stakeholders 3. Users of the Product PROJECT CONSTRAINTS 4. Mandated Constraints	5.	Project Constraints	
	5. Naming Conventions and Definitions 6. Relevant Facts and Assumptions FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS 7. The Scope of the Work	a	Functional Requirements	
	8. The Scope of the Product 9. Functional and Data Requirements NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS 10. Look and Feel Requirements	1.	To hold information about members	
	11. Usability and Hurmanity Requirements 12. Performance Requirements 13. Operational Requirements 14. Maintainability and Support Requirements 15. Security Requirements 16. Cultural and Political Requirements		1. 1 2. 2 3. 3	
	PROJECT ISSUES 18. Open Issues	2.	To match car sharers	
	19. Off-the-Shelf Solutions 20. New Problems 21. Tasks 22. Cutover	3.	To record insurance sales	
And I	23. Risks 24. Costs 25. User Documentation and Training	4.	To record details consultancies	
N.	28. Waiting Room 27. Ideas for Solutions		Non-functional Requirements	
	Specification prepared by	Date	Project Issues	
>(3)<				

CARMATCH Actors and Use Cases



CARMATCH System Use cases



CARMATCH Use Case Description

Use Case: Register car sharer

Description: The registration of the car sharer information and the association with a membership number

Actors: CARMATCH Administrator, Car sharer

Assumptions: the CARMATCH Administrator has to confirm information, and the car sharer has to accept CARMATCH policy

Steps:

- 1. The CARMATCH Administrator enters name, address and all requested (mandatory) information of the car sharer in system entry window
- 2. The CARMATCH Administrator enters sharing information (e.g., time, starting address, car type, etc.)

3.

Variations (optional): any variations in the steps of a use case

Non-Functional (optional): List of non-functional requirements that the use case must meet.

Issues: List of issues that remain to be solved

Use Cases





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CARMATCH Use Case Description

Description: The registration of the car sharer information and the association with a Assumptions: the CARMATCH Administrator has to confirm information, and the car sharer has The CARMATCH Administrator enters name, address and all requested (mandatory) information of the car sharer in system entry window 2. The CARMATCH Administrator enters sharing information (e.g., time, starting address, Variations (optional): any variations in the steps of a use case Non-Functional (optional): List of non-functional requirements that the use case must meet. 9 2004-2007 SEOC - Lecture Note 05

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CARMATCH Class Diagram





CARMAT	CH Valid	ation	Journey		
carSharer]	Record		
Record			Journey Times		
information			Record journey	Address	
Record Address	Address		Addresses		
Record	Journey		Find journey matches		
Journeys			ddress		
		R	ecord Iddress		

CARMATCH: Register car sharer



CARMATCH: Register Journey



CARMATCH new requirements

- Efficiency: maximize the combination of journeys by combining multiple stops (i.e., journeys)
- Note that it is a non-functional requirements
- Are there any implications? How does it affect your preliminary design?

CARMATCH Changes



CARMATCH validation



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Assessment



Part 3 - Deliverable Marking Scheme

	Deliverable Marking Scheme				
Deliverable Part	Questions	Marks			
Requirements	Q1. Did you organise/collect the system requirements by using a Requirements Specification template (e.g., Volere)? Assess the quality of your Software Requirements Specification (SRS) docu- ment.	[/ 5]			
Marks Limit: [20/100]	Q2. Did you distinguish different types of requirements (e.g., func- tional or non-functional)? Assess how your SRS identifies different types of requirements.	[/ 5]			
	Q3. Do you believe you got most of the system requirements (requirements completeness)? Assess the extent to which you have	[/ 5]			
	elicited and gathered requirements from the main sources. Q4. Have you identified/resolved conflicting requirements (re- quirements correctness)? Assess the extent to which you have resolved conflicting requirements among different types (e.g., func- tional and non-functional) or across teams.	[/ 5]			
Use Cases	Q5. Did you graphically represent the functional requirements by Use Cases? Assess to which extent your use case diagram captures main system functionalities and actors.	[/ 10]			
Marks Limit: [30/100]	Q6. Did you refine the use cases by generalization, include or extend relationships? Assess to which extent you have refined and structured use cases	[/ 10]			
	Q7. Did you use a template for describing use cases? Assess to which extent you have clarified and described use case information (completeness and correctness)	[/ 10]			
Class Diagrams	Q8. Does your class diagram identify the main classes of the system? Assess to which extent your class diagram realizes system use cases	[/ 10]			
Marks Limit: [30/100]	Q9. Did you specify Attributes and Operations for each class? Assess the completeness of class specification	[/ 10]			
[]	Q10. Did you identify relationships (i.e., Dependency, Association, Aggregation, Composition and Inheritance or Generalization) between classes? Assess the object orientation quality of your class diagram.	[/ 10]			
CRC Cards	Q11. Did you construct CRC cards for your system design? Assess the completeness and correctness of CRC cards.	[/ 10]			
Marks Limit: [20/100]	Q12. Did you verify your Class Diagrams? Did you play any use case with the CRC Cards in order to verify your class diagram? Assess the quality and the coverage of your requirements and design verification by CRC cards.	[/ 10]			
Deliverable N	Iark	[/100]			

Summary

The SEOC process so far

- Requirements, Use Cases, Class Diagram, Validation
- Iterations, Feedbacks
- Assessment
- CARMATCH: Sample Designs
- Assessment