The purpose of this additional sheet is to provide more practice and exam preparation material. N.B. The tutors are not required to work through this material in the tutorial.

## Exercise 1. Choice of elimination order in factor graphs

Consider the following factor graph, which contains a loop:


Let all variables be binary, $x_{i} \in\{0,1\}$, and the factors be defined as follows:

| $x_{1}$ | $x_{2}$ | $x_{3}$ | $\phi_{A}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 6 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |


| $x_{2}$ | $x_{3}$ | $x_{4}$ | $\phi_{B}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 8 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |


| $x_{4}$ | $x_{5}$ | $\phi_{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 8 |
| 1 | 0 | 2 |
| 0 | 1 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 | 6 |


| $x_{4}$ | $x_{6}$ | $\phi_{D}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 1 | 0 | 6 |
| 0 | 1 | 6 |
| 1 | 1 | 3 |

(a) Draw the factor graph corresponding to $p\left(x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}, x_{5} \mid x_{1}=0, x_{6}=1\right)$ and give the tables defining the new factors $\phi_{A}^{x_{1}=0}\left(x_{2}, x_{3}\right)$ and $\phi_{D}^{x_{6}=1}\left(x_{4}\right)$ that you obtain.
(b) Find $p\left(x_{2} \mid x_{1}=0, x_{6}=1\right)$ using the elimination ordering $\left(x_{4}, x_{5}, x_{3}\right)$ :
(i) Draw the graph for $p\left(x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{5} \mid x_{1}=0, x_{6}=1\right)$ by marginalising $x_{4}$

Compute the table for the new factor $\tilde{\phi}_{4}\left(x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{5}\right)$
(ii) Draw the graph for $p\left(x_{2}, x_{3} \mid x_{1}=0, x_{6}=1\right)$ by marginalising $x_{5}$

Compute the table for the new factor $\tilde{\phi}_{45}\left(x_{2}, x_{3}\right)$
(iii) Draw the graph for $p\left(x_{2} \mid x_{1}=0, x_{6}=1\right)$ by marginalising $x_{3}$ Compute the table for the new factor $\tilde{\phi}_{453}\left(x_{2}\right)$
(c) Note that the previous variable ordering involved computing a new factor $\tilde{\phi}_{4}$ that depends on three variables $x_{2}, x_{3}$, and $x_{5}$, this involved computing $2^{3}$ numbers (i.e. the rows in the table for $\left.\tilde{\phi}_{4}\right)$. Instead, now find $p\left(x_{2} \mid x_{1}=0, x_{6}=1\right)$ using the elimination ordering $\left(x_{5}, x_{4}, x_{3}\right)$,
(i) Draw the graph for $p\left(x_{2}, x_{3}, x_{4}, \mid x_{1}=0, x_{6}=1\right)$ by marginalising $x_{5}$ Compute the table for the new factor $\tilde{\phi}_{5}\left(x_{4}\right)$
(ii) Draw the graph for $p\left(x_{2}, x_{3} \mid x_{1}=0, x_{6}=1\right)$ by marginalising $x_{4}$ Compute the table for the new factor $\tilde{\phi}_{54}\left(x_{2}, x_{3}\right)$
(iii) Draw the graph for $p\left(x_{2} \mid x_{1}=0, x_{6}=1\right)$ by marginalising $x_{3}$ Compute the table for the new factor $\phi_{543}\left(x_{2}\right)$

