*	a -> [a] -> [a]	Add a single element to the front of a list.  3: [2,3] ~ [3,2,3]
<b>4</b> 4	[a] -> [a] -> [a]	Join two lists together. "Ron"++"aldo" "Ronaldo"
1 :	[a] -> Int -> a	xs!!nreturns the nth element of xs, starting at the beginning and counting from 0. [14,7,3]!!1 -> 7
concat	[[a]] -> [a]	Concatenate a list of lists into a single list. concat [[2,3],[],[4]] → [2,3,4]
length	[a] -> Int	The length of the list. length "word" ~ 4
head,last	[2] -> 8	The first/last element of the list.  head "word" \sim 'w'  last "word" \sim 'd'
tail,init	[a] -> [a]	All but the first/last element of the list.  tail "word" \sim "ord"  init "word" \sim "wor"
replicate	Int -> a -> [a]	Make a list of a copies of the item. replicate 3 'c' ~ "ccc"
take	Int -> [a] -> [a]	Take n elements from the front of a list.  take 3 "Peccary" → "Pec"
drop	Int -> [a] -> [a]	Drop a elements from the front of a list.  drop 3 "Peccary" "cary"
splitAt	Int->[a]->([a], [a])	Split a list at a given position. splitAt 3 "Peccary" ~ ("Pec", "cary")
reverse	[a] -> [a]	Reverse the order of the elements. reverse [2,1,3] ~ [3,1,2]
zip	$[a]\rightarrow[b]\rightarrow[(a,b)]$	Take a pair of lists into a list of pairs. $2ip [1,2] [3,4,5] \rightarrow [(1,3),(2,4)]$
unzip	[(a,b)] -> ([a],[b])	Take a list of pairs into a pair of lists. unzip $[(1,5),(3,6)] \sim ([1,3],[5,6])$

Figure 6.1 Some polymorphic list operations from Prelude.hs