Chart Parsing, Part 2

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Review Chart Parsing

Left Recursion and Ambiguity

Reading

Charts and Edges

- A chart records hypotheses about possible constituents;
- it contains a set of edges.
- Each edge has information about
 - start index of the constituent,
 - end index,
 - the hypothesized type of the constituent and its sub-constituents
- ► NLTK: [A -> B C]@[i:j]
- ► The content of an edge takes the form of a dotted rule: $A \rightarrow \alpha \bullet \beta$:
 - $ightharpoonup \alpha$ is what we've found so far,
 - \triangleright β is what we still need in order to complete an A.



Chart Parser Rules

- ▶ A chart parser rule (or function) adds new edges to the chart.
- ► A chart parsing strategy defines a set of rules.
- ► Top Down
 - top down initialization rule
 - top down predictor rule
 - fundamental rule (completer)
- Bottom Up
 - bottom up predictor rule
 - fundamental rule (completer)

Fundamental Rule

- ► Fundamental Rule is used by both strategies.
- ▶ If the chart contains
 - ▶ $A \rightarrow \alpha \bullet B\gamma$, [i,j] and
 - $C \rightarrow \beta[j, k]$, then add
 - ► $A \rightarrow \alpha B \bullet \gamma$, [i, k]

Top Down Predictor Rule

- If the chart contains
 - ▶ $A \rightarrow \alpha \bullet C\beta, [i, j]$ then
 - for each production $C \rightarrow \gamma$, add
 - $\blacktriangleright \ \ C \to \bullet \gamma, [j,j]$

Bottom Up Predictor Rule

- If the chart contains
 - ▶ $A \rightarrow \alpha \bullet, [i,j]$ then
 - ▶ for each production $B \rightarrow A\beta$, add
 - $\blacktriangleright \ B \to \bullet A\beta, [i,j]$

Examples: Left Recursion

Assume we are parsing NPa flight from Denver to Boston with the following rules:

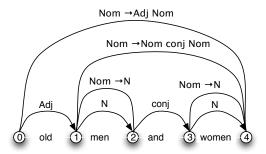
```
NP \rightarrow NP PP
```

NP → Det Nom

 $NP \rightarrow Proper-Noun$

- We construct the state (NP → NP PP, [0,0]) and add it to chart[0]
- ► The Predictor rule requires us to find a rule which expands the (non-lexical) category immediately to the right of the dot.
- ▶ Pick the first rule above, and add the state (NP \rightarrow NP PP, [0,0]).
- But this is already in the chart, so we don't add it again.

Examples: Global Ambiguity



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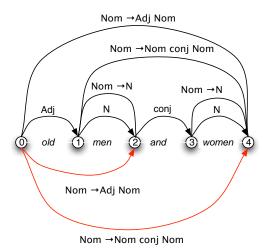


Chart Parser Demo

```
>>> from nltk_lite.draw.chart import demo
>>> demo()
```

Reading

- ► Read section 10.4 of J&M
- Read the NLTK-Lite Tutorial on Chart Parsing