HCI: HEURISTICS

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<u>Neilson's 10</u> <u>Heuristics</u>

"Heuristics" are simple rules that can be easily applied and are true in most situations. Using the ten heuristics to the right we can detect a large percentage of usability issues.

- 1. Visibility of system status
- 2. Match between system and the real world
- 3. User control and freedom
- 4. Consistency and standards
- 5. Error prevention
- 6. Recognition rather than recall
- 7. Flexibility an deficiency of use
- 8. Aesthetics and minimalist design
- 9. Help users recognize, diagnose, and recover from errors

10. Help and documentation

Heuristic Evaluation

- Basic idea: Have one or more experts evaluate an interface based on a common set of criteria
- Heuristic Evaluation is very easy to do
- Pros
 - Can be done by even a single person
 - No ethics, recording, or other human-related problems
 - Minimal expense to find a large number of potentially expensive problems

Cons

- Experts are not the same as end users, they will miss some things
- Heuristics are the most common types of problems but they do not represent all problems

Stages of a heuristic evaluation

- Briefing session to tell experts what to do
- Evaluation period of 1-2 hours where:
 - Each expert works separately
 - Take one pass to get a feel for the product
 - Take a second pass to focus on specific features
- Debrief session in which experts work together to prioritize problems.

No. of evaluators & problems

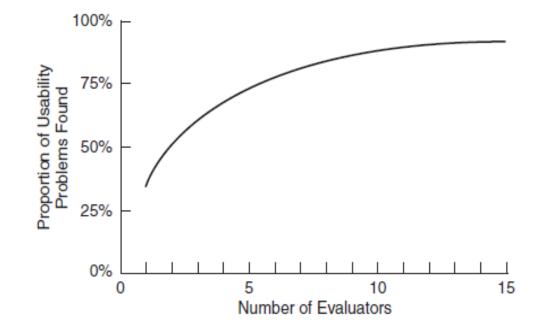


Figure 15.1 Curve showing the proportion of usability problems in an interface found by heuristic evaluation using various numbers of evaluators. The curve represents the average of six case studies of heuristic evaluation

Source: Usability Inspection Methods, J. Nielson & R.L. Mack ©1994. Reproduced with permission of John Wiley & Sons Inc.

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Number of evaluators

- Nielsen suggests that on average 5 evaluators identify 75-80% of usability problems.
- Cockton and Woolrych (2001) point out that the number of users needed to find 75-80% of usability problems depends on the context and nature of the problems.

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Visibility of system status

Me adding the Q&A session to my Google calendar

Google	Search Calendar	~ Q
+	SAVE Discard changes Delete More Actions V	
Hci QandA		
10/6/2016	2:00pm to 4:00pm 10/6/2016 (GMT+01:00) London Time zone	
All day	Repeat	
Event details	Find a time	
Where	Enter a location	Add guests
Video call	Add video call	Enter guest email addresse Add
Calendar	Kami Vaniea V	Guests can
Description		☐ modify event ✔ invite others
	h.	 ✓ see guest list
Attachment	Add attachment	
Event color		
Notifications	No notifications set Add a notification	
Show me as	⊖ Available	
Visibility	Calendar default Public Private	
	By default this event will follow the sharing settings of this calendar; event details will be visible to anyone who can see details of other events in this calendar. Learn more	
	Publish event	

Visibility of system status

Better add a reminder or I might forget to go

Google	Search Calendar	~ Q
+	SAVE Discard changes Delete More Actions ~	
Hci QandA		
10/6/2016	2:00pm to 4:00pm 10/6/2016 (GMT+01:00) London Time zone	
All day	Repeat	
Event details	Find a time	
Where	Enter a location	Add guests
Video call	Add video call	Enter guest email addresse Add
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Event color		
Notifications	Notification V 10 minutes V ×	
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	who can see details of other events in this calendar. Learn more	
	Publish event	

Google	Search Calendar	
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4	SAVE Discard changes Delete More Actions ~	Is the
Hci QandA		reminder
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Attachment	Add attachment	
Event color		
Notifications	Notification V 10 minutes V X	
	Add a notification	
Show me as	Available Busy	
Visibility	● Calendar default ○ Public ○ Private	
	By default this event will follow the sharing settings of this calendar: event details will be visible to anyone who can see details of other events in this calendar. Learn more	
	Publish event	

Visibility of system status

Google - Q **Discard changes** Delete More Actions \sim Hci QandA I click the 10/6/2016 2:00pm to 4:00pm 10/6/2016 (GMT+01:00) London Time zone back button All day Repeat... Event details without х Your Event Add quests Where clicking Your event has not been saved. Add Video call Add video call Discard changes Continue editing Kami Vaniea "save" and Calendar \sim Guests can Description modify event ✓ invite others get a ✓ see quest list Attachment Add attachment warning Event color 10 minutes V X Notifications Notification v Add a notification Show me as O Available I Busy Visibility

 Calendar default
 Public
 Private By default this event will follow the sharing settings of this calendar: event details will be visible to anyone who can see details of other events in this calendar. Learn more Publish event

<u>Usability</u> <u>Aspect</u> <u>Reports</u> (UAR)

- Similar to a bug report, but for usability issues
- Can be about good or bad features
- Should link to a heuristic

No. HE-	Problem/Good Aspect:	
Name:		
Evidence		
Heuristic:		
Interface aspect:		
Explanation		
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Severity or Benefi Rating:	t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	
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Frequency:	cy, impact, Persistence)	
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Impact:		
mpuon		
Persistence:		
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How I weighted the	factore	
now i weighted the	1401015.	
Possible solution	and/or trade-offs	
Relationships		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

HE-01	Problem/Good Aspect: Problem					
Name: Saved status not visible for calendar changes		Google		Search Caler	ndar Delete	More Actions
Evidence Heuristic: Visibility of status Interface aspect:		Hci QandA 10/6/2016 2:00pm to 4:00pm 10/6/2016 (GMT+01:00) London Time zone All day Repeat				
Explanation : When a calendar event element is changed it is not clear if it is automatically saved or not. As a result a user may try and leave the page when it is not saved.		Event details Find a time Where Enter a location Video call Add video call Calendar Kami Vaniea Description				
Severity or Benefit Rating: Low Justification: A warning box pops up preventing accidental loss of data Frequency: Medium Impact: Low Persistence: High (happens every time) How I weight the factors: The error is very recoverable and the warning is clear, so this may be an issue but it is a low importance one.						
Possible solution and/or tra possible, but that may lead t	-					
Relationships: None						

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Match between system and the real world

- The interface should use concepts, language and real-world conventions that are familiar to the user.
- Why
 - The user already has knowledge from the outside world. A user interface can leverage that knowledge
 - If the interface does not match the way the world typically works people will become confused
 - Metaphors and affordances are useful here



User control and freedom

- Allow the user to have control of the interaction. Users should be able to undo actions, exit from any sequence of actions, and not be forced into a series of actions.
- Why
 - Users make errors sometimes
 - They need the ability to go back and correct the errors

Consistency and standards

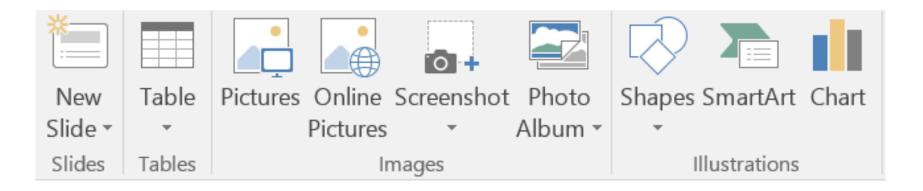
- Information that is the same should appear to be the same
- Information that is different should be expressed differently
- Developers need to know the conventions being used in the software
- Why
 - Similar to the real world heuristic, people can leverage things they already know
 - They will expect that something they learned will continue to be true

Error prevention

- If possible, prevent errors from happening in the first place
- Similar to visibility of system status, but specifically involves preventing an error from happening
- Example: if the user needs to select 3 things, don't wait till the next screen to tell them that they have selected 4
- Why
 - Users are not machines, they do not always perceive all the information available and they can temporarily forget things
 - Computers are really good at using all the information available and remembering the last few things

Recognition rather than recall

- Show all the options available to the user rather than expecting them to remember them all
- Do not require users to remember information from one screen to the next
- Why
 - People are less good at remembering (recall) than they are at recognizing (recognition)



Flexibility and efficiency of use

- Experts should have a way to use the interface faster or more efficiently
- Design should have accelerators like keyboard shortcuts to allow skilled users to move faster
- Why
 - Using the mouse is MUCH slower than the keyboard. Users who know what they want should be able to find it quickly and efficiently



Aesthetics and minimalist design

- Get rid of clutter
- See most of the "Don't make me think" book
- Why
 - The more things there are to look at, the harder it is for a user to process the data

Help users recognize, diagnose, and recover from errors

- Error messages should be clear, written in plain English, explain the problem, give constructive advice on how to solve the problem
- Why
 - Errors should only be shown to users when the system can no longer make a choice on their behalf. The error needs to be clear about what it is the user needs to do or provide input on

Help and documentation

- Unless the system is extremely simple, some people will need help documentation
- Why
 - People learn about things in different ways. Some people learn by playing around and pushing buttons, other people learn by reading. The system needs to support all people.

Heuristics for websites focus on key criteria (Budd, 2007)

- Clarity
- Minimize unnecessary complexity & cognitive load
- Provide users with context
- Promote positive & pleasurable user experience

Advantages and problems

- Few ethical & practical issues to consider because users not involved.
- Can be difficult & expensive to find experts.
- Best experts have knowledge of application domain & users.
- Biggest problems:
 - Important problems may get missed;
 - Many trivial problems are often identified;
 - Experts have biases.

Questions?