Bioinformatics 2

Introduction

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Lecture 1

- Course Overview & Assessment
- Introduction to Bioinformatics Research
- Careers and PhD options
- Core topics in Bioinformatics
 - the central dogma of molecular biology

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About me...

- Started in Biology (behaviour genetics)
- Got interested in databases (anatomy)
- Commercial and Academic Experience
- 'wet lab' and bioinformatics projects
- Office in forum, Lab in HRB

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The class (2009)

- M.Sc. Classes:
- Quantitative Genetics and Genome Analysis (assignment 1 and term paper)
- Bioinformatics 2 (assignment 1 and exam)

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What do I think you know?

- Variety of backgrounds and experience:
 - Biological Sciences
 - Computing Sciences
 - Mathematics, Statistics and Physics

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Course Outcomes

- Know the core algorithms in bioinformatics
- Experience in using and/or implementing simple solutions
- Appreciate the current 'state of the art'
 - what has been solved?
 - what are the key limitations?
- Be familiar with the available resources

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Course Design

- Lectures cover essential background
- Guest lectures present research level
- Self-study and assignments designed to cover practical implementation
- Tutorial / Lab support

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Assessment (Bio2)

- Written assignment
 - Experimental design and data analysis mini project
 - Plagiarism will be refereed externally
 - Cite all sources!!!
 - Late submissions get 0 marks!

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Bioinformatics?

- Introduce yourselves to each other.
- What is Bioinformatics?
- What does Bioinformatics do for CS?
- What does Bioinformatics do for Biology?
- What guest Bioinformatics lecture would you like?
- Discuss in groups for 10 min.

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What is BioInformatics?

- Sequence analysis and genome building
- Molecular Structure prediction
- Evolution, phylogeny and linkage
- Automated data collection and analysis
- Simulations
- Biological databases and resources

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BioInf and CS

- Provides CS with new challenges with clear medical significance.
- Complex and large datasets sometimes very noisy with hidden structures.
- Can biological solutions be used to inspire new computational tools and methods?

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BioInf and Biology

- High-throughput biology:
 - around 1989, the sequence of a 1.8kb gene would be a PhD project
 - by 1993, the same project was an undergraduate project
 - in 2000 we generated 40kb sequence per week
 in a non-genomics lab
 - Illumina/Solexa systems Gigabases per expt.

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BioInf and Biology

- High-throughput biology
- Data management and mining
- Modeling of Biological theories
- Analysis of complex systems
- Design and re-engineering of new biological entities

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bioinformatics

- http://www.bbsrc.ac.uk/science/grants/index.html
 - Awarded grants database
- Bioinformatics.oxfordjournals.org
- www.biomedcentral.org/bmcbioinformatics
- www.nature.com/msb

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Bioinformatics@ed

- Database integration
- Data provenance
- Evolutionary and genetic computation
- Gene expression databases
- High performance data structures for semistructured data (Vectorised XML)

1/2

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Bioinformatics@ed

- Machine learning
- Microarray data analysis
- Natural language and bio-text mining
- Neural computation, visualisation and simulation
- Protein complex modeling
- Systems Biology
- Synthetic Biology

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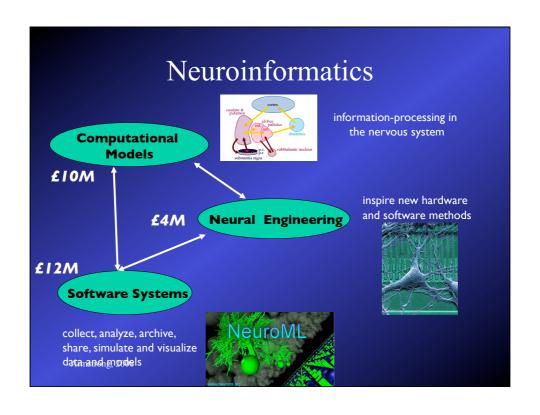
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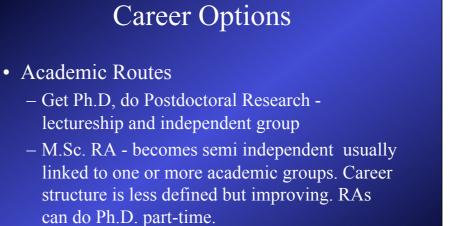
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bioInf activities @ ed

- Self organised reading groups
- http://www.bioinformatics.ed.ac.uk
- http://www.bioinformatics.ed.ac.uk/wiki/ SysBioClub/
 - Regular seminars at 1200 thursdays

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Career Options

- Commercial Sector
 - Big Pharma Accept PhD and MSc entry.
 Normally assigned to projects and work within defined teams. Defined career structure (group leaders, project managers etc)
 - Spin-out/Small biotech Accept PhD and MSc entry. More freedom and variety. A degree of 'maintenance' work is to be expected.

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Career Options

- Hybrid Approaches
 - Commercial and Academic research groups are becoming much closer linked.
 - University academics encouraged to exploit their IPR (intellectual property rights).
 - Companies can get government support to collaborate with academic research groups.

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Ph.D.

- Assuming a start date of September 2009
- 'prize' studentships advertised on jobs.ac.uk, Nature, Science etc starting NOW!
 - Many linked to nationality/residency (Check details carefully).
- UK 'quota' studentships vary with department but contact/apply early.

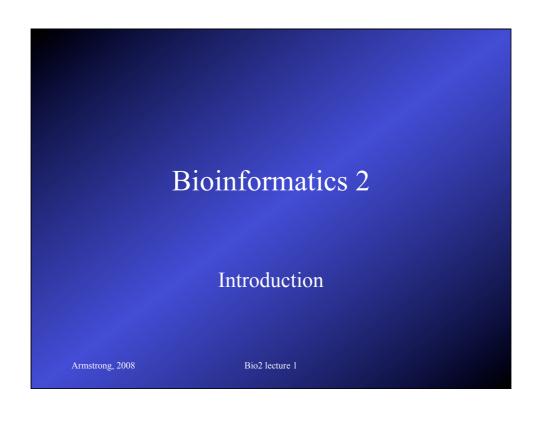
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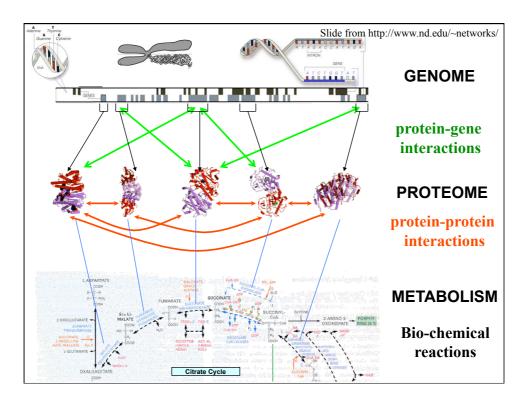
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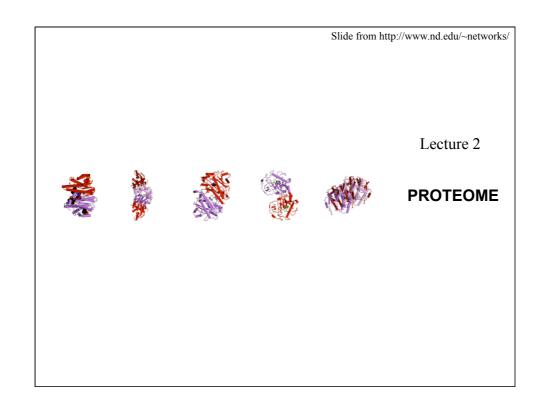
Ph.D.

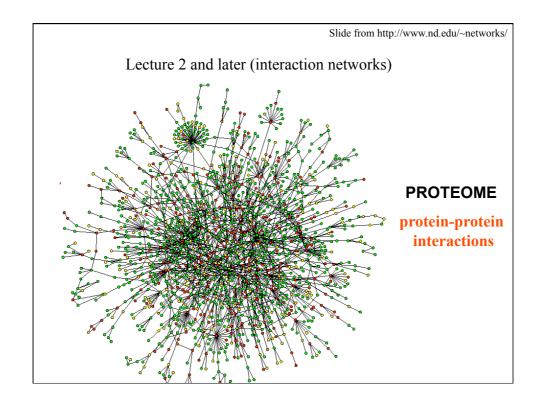
- US studentships take longer but are better paid and have extra training/coursework
 - require an entry exam
 - again, deadlines are very soon for '09

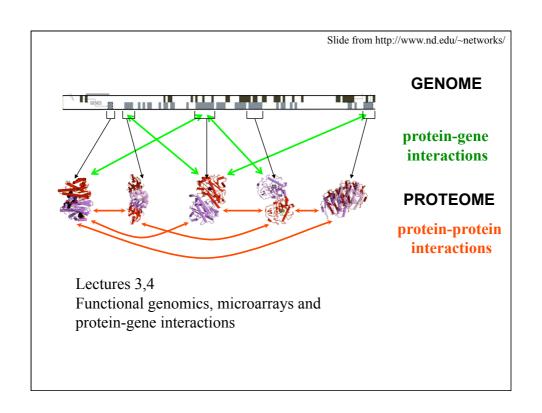
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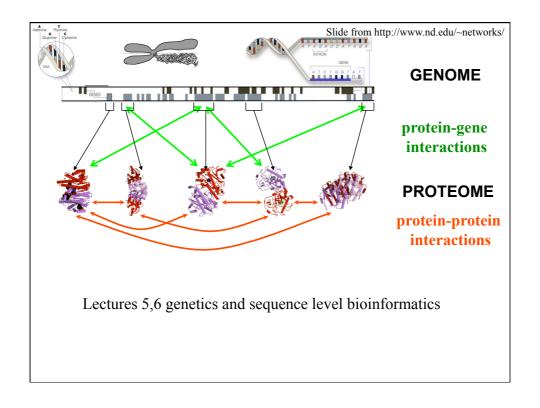


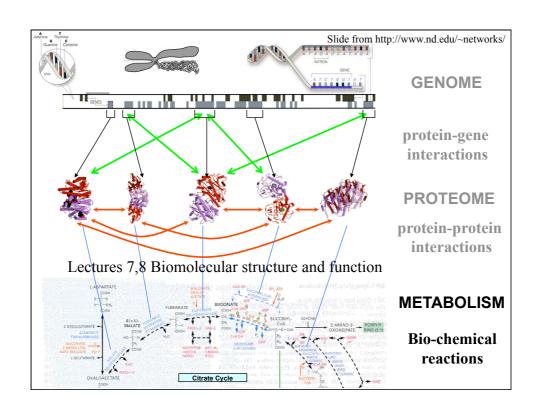


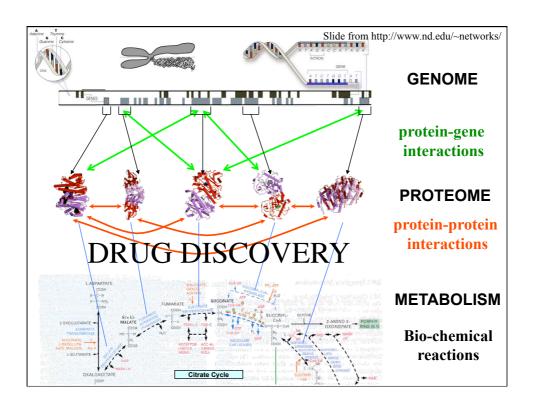












Guest lectures and topics (subject to change)

Yuri Rappsilbler (Biological Sciences) Proteomics

Donald Dunbar (Centre for Inflamation Research) Microarray technologies

Malcolm Walkinshaw (Biological Sciences) Structure based in silico drug design

Chris Larminie (GalaxoSmithKline) Bioinformatics in the Pharmaceutical Sector

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Preparation work for lecture 2

Central dogma of molecular biology
What is a protein
What is an amino acid
How are amino acids joined together to make proteins
What are the key characteristics of amino acids and proteins
pH, charge, acidity, hydrophobicity

Peptidases (enzymes that cut protein bonds)

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