

Topics in Natural Language Processing

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Lecture 7

Administrativa

Reminder: the requirements for the class are presentations, assignment, brief paper responses and an essay.

I sent an email over the week with detailed instructions for all requirements other than the assignment.

Please send me your topic for the essay by this Friday 4pm (reply to the email I sent).

I expect to release the assignment 3-4 weeks before the deadline.

If something remains unclear, please email me.

Linear Score Function

Consider a model which is a PCFG.

Probability of a tree:

$$p(t) = \prod_{i=1}^n p(r_i) = \prod_{r \in t} p(r)^{\text{freq}(r, t)}$$

$p(r_i)$

'Best' tree y given sentence x :

$$t^*(x) = \underset{t}{\text{arg max}} p(t)$$

\uparrow
sentence

\uparrow
 $\text{yield}(t) = x$

Linear Score Function

'Best' tree given sentence x :

$$y^* = \arg \max_{y: \text{yield}(y)=x} \prod_{r \in y} p(r)^{\text{freq}(y,r)} = \arg \max_{y, \text{yield}(y)=x} \sum (\underbrace{\log p(r)}_{w(r)} \times \text{freq}(y,r))$$

$$= \arg \max_{y, \text{yield}(y)=x} \sum_{r \in R} w(r) \times \text{freq}(y,r)$$

↑ parameters ↑ "refers" to the structure

$$\arg \max_y \Theta^T f(y, x)$$

↑
 w

The CKY Algorithm

$$y^* = \arg \max_{y: \text{yield}(y)=x} \sum_{r \in y} w(r) \times \text{freq}(y, r)$$

$\alpha(A, i, j)$ -
the maximum
score for a
tree that has
head A , and
spans $x_i \dots x_j$

$$\alpha(A, i, j) =$$

$$= \max_{k=i}^{j-1} \max_{A \rightarrow B C} \alpha(B, i, k) + \alpha(C, k+1, j) + w(A \rightarrow B C)$$



Multiplicative version of the CKY algorithm

$$y^* = \arg \max_{y: \text{yield}(y)=x} \prod_{r \in y} p(r)^{\text{freq}(y,r)}$$

$$\alpha(A, i, j)$$

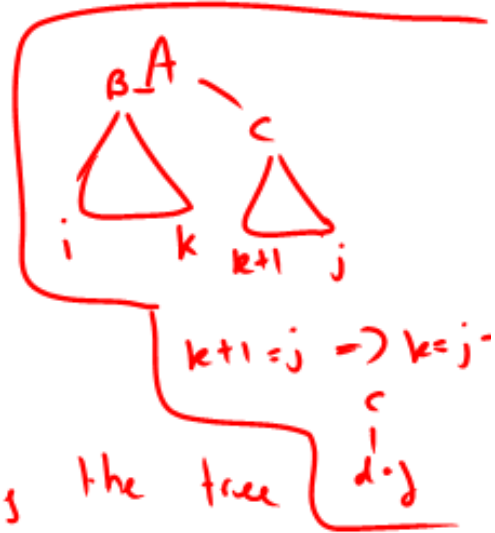
$$\alpha(A, i, j) = \max_{i \leq k < j} \max_{A \rightarrow BC} \alpha(B, i, k) \times \alpha(C, k+1, j) \times \underbrace{p(A \rightarrow B \ C \mid A)}$$

The Inside Algorithm

$$p(x) = \sum_{y: \text{yield}(y)=x} \prod_{r \in y} p(r)^{\text{freq}(y,r)}$$

$\alpha(A, i, j)$ is the sum over all derivations spanning $x_i \dots x_j$ headed by A .

$$\alpha(A, i, j) = \sum_{k=i}^{j-1} \sum_{A \rightarrow BC} \alpha(B, i, k) \times \alpha(C, k+1, j) \times p(A \rightarrow BC)$$



$$p(\text{tree}, x) = \prod_{\text{rule}} p(\text{rule})$$

$$p(x) = \sum_{\text{tree}} p(\text{tree}, x)$$

marginalizing the tree

Inside and CKY

What is the connection between the inside algorithm and CKY?

CKY:

Version 1:

$$\chi(A, i, j) = \max_{i \leq k \leq j-1} \max_{A \rightarrow BC} p(A \rightarrow BC|A) \alpha(B, i, k) \alpha(C, k+1, j)$$

Version 2:

$$\chi(A, i, j) = \max_{i \leq k \leq j-1} \max_{A \rightarrow BC} w(A \rightarrow BC) + \alpha(B, i, k) + \alpha(C, k+1, j)$$

inside:

$$\chi(A, i, j) = \sum_{k=i}^{j-1} \sum_{A \rightarrow BC} p(A \rightarrow BC|A) \alpha(B, i, k) \alpha(C, k+1, j)$$

Semirings

What is a semiring?

An algebraic structure over R

\otimes

$a \oplus b$

\oplus

$a \otimes b$

Semirings

What is a semiring?

- A set R \mathbb{R} $[0,1]$
- Two operations: \oplus and \otimes
- Identity element $\bar{1}$ for \otimes $\bar{1} \otimes a = a$
- Identity element $\bar{0}$ for \oplus $\bar{0} \oplus a = a$
- (... and a few more important properties)

CKY and Semirings

CKY:

$$\alpha(A, i, j) = \max_{i \leq k \leq j-1} \max_{A \rightarrow BC} p(A \rightarrow BC|A) \alpha(B, i, k) \alpha(C, k+1, j)$$

What is the semiring?

$$\oplus \quad a \oplus b = \max\{a, b\}$$

$$\otimes \quad \times$$

$$\bar{1} \quad 1$$

$$\bar{0} \quad 0$$

CKY and Semirings

CKY:

$$\alpha(A, i, j) = \max_{i \leq k \leq j-1} \max_{A \rightarrow BC} w(A \rightarrow BC) + \alpha(B, i, k) + \alpha(C, k+1, j)$$

What is the semiring?

$$\oplus \quad a \oplus b = \max\{a, b\}$$

$$\otimes \quad a \otimes b = a + b$$

⌊

⌋

Inside and Semirings

inside:

$$\chi(A, i, j) = \sum_{k=i}^{j-1} \sum_{A \rightarrow B C} p(A \rightarrow B C | A) \alpha(B, i, k) \alpha(C, k+1, j)$$

What is the semiring?

\oplus

$$a \oplus b = a + b$$

\otimes

$$a \otimes b = a \times b$$

$\bar{1}$

1

$\bar{0}$

0

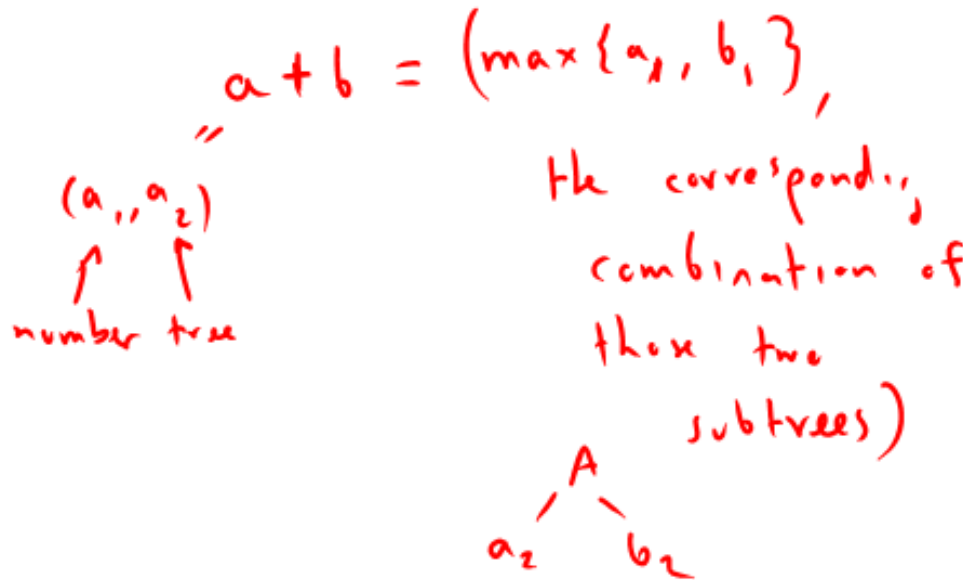
Parsing as Weighted Logic Programming

$$\alpha \text{constit}(a, i, j) \oplus = \alpha \text{constit}(b, i, k) \otimes \alpha \text{constit}(c, k + 1, j) \otimes \overset{p(r)}{w} \text{rule}(a \rightarrow bc)$$

$$\text{constit}(a, i, i) \oplus = \text{rule}(a \rightarrow w) \quad (\text{bottom tree conditions})$$

Goal: $\text{constit}(S, 0, n)$

$$R = \mathbb{R} \times \text{TREES}$$



Parsing with Tree Adjoining Grammars

TAGs have a dynamic programming which resembles CKY

The items on the chart are $\text{constit}(A, b, i, j, f_1, f_2)$:

- A is the head nonterminal
- b tells whether adjunction already happened for the foot node (Boolean)
- (i, j) is the endpoints that A spans
- (f_1, f_2) are the endpoints that the foot node spans (could be empty)

Solving an NLP problem

Reminder: the components of an NLP problem



Estimation until now

- Count and normalise
- Corresponds to maximum likelihood estimate for multinomial models