Installing Protégé on Dice:

- 1. Go to http://protege.stanford.edu and follow the download links for version 4.1 beta
- 2. Download installer for linux (without the Java VM)
 - run the installer: [dice]: sh install protege 4.1.bin
- 3. cd to the Protégé directory, and run Protégé by: [dice]: ./run.sh

Using Protégé

- 1. The welcome screen lets you open an OWL file stored locally, or copy one from a URI. Select **Open from URI** and enter:
 - http://www.inf.ed.ac.uk/teaching/courses/kmm/PDF/cows.owl
- 2. The GUI is organised into 8 tabs, the **Active Ontology** tab opens first (but may not show any information).
- 3. The ontology hierarchy is shown in the **Classes** tab, the **Object Properties** and **Data Properties** tabs show the roles (object and datatype properties respectively) their domains and ranges. The **Entities** tab shows both classes and properties.
- 4. In the **Classes** tab, selecting a class in the hierarchy, e.g. *Herbivore*, lets you see the formal definition (if any) and, very importantly, the disjointness assertions are shown at the bottom of the lower right panel.
 - a. The circle o lets you edit the definition, there is an option to type Manchester syntax: Class expression editor
 - b. The **x** deletes the definition
 - c. **Equivalent classes** are necessary and sufficient conditions for class membership

Equivalent classes (1)

and (eats only Vegetable)

Animal

- d. **Superclasses** are parent (subsuming) classes / necessary definitions.
- 5. Useful options for creating class definitions (under **Edit**) include **Add covering** axiom and **Make primitive siblings disjoint**
 - a. Note that you may need to update these axioms should you edit the child/sibling classes later.
- 6. In the **Object Properties** tab, properties are shown as sub-properties (child nodes) of *topObjectProperty*.
 - a. Note that the characteristics (transitivity etc) and domains and ranges must be defined manually.
- 7. Files are saved in the usual way, see the **File** menu. Save often, and check the message that appears on saving for reports of an error.
- 8. Other files from the KMM website can be opened using File/Open from URL

The Classifier

- 1. HermiT should be selected (under **Reasoner**), **Reasoner/Start reasoner** will call the classifier. The inferred hierarchy will be shown with a pale yellow background in the **Classes** tab (select **Class hierarchy (inferred)**).
- 2. Inconsistent classes are shown in red, e.g. *MadCow*.
- 3. After editing the ontology it is necessary to rerun the classifier, use **Reasoner/Synchronise reasoner**.