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But can also be an integral part of the development process: agile methodologies (e.g. XP) advocate continual refactoring (XP maxim: "Refactor mercilessly").

What does refactoring do?

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 - Introduce Explaining Variable
 - Replace Conditional with Polymorphism

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The process of refactoring is that of applying a sequence of refactorings that improve the design of the system, without adding functionality.

Eclipse has a built-in refactoring tool (on the Refactor menu). It performs operations of three broad classes . . .

Eclipse Refactoring I: Renaming and physical organization

A variety of simple (when done automatically) changes, e.g.

- Rename or move files automatically updating import, package etc.
- Renaming variables and associated methods.
- Moving classes between packages

Eclipse Refactoring II: Rearranging the class structure

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- When an anonymous class gets big, it should turn into a nested class.
- Moving methods or fields up and down the class hierarchy.
- Extracting an interface from a class.

Eclipse Refactoring III: Intra-class refactorings

The bread-and-butter of refactoring: rearranging code within a class to improve readability etc. E.g.

- Extracting code from method into new method.
- Encapsulating fields in accessor methods.
- Change the type of a method.

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More realistically:

test, refactor, test

This works better the more tests you have: ideally, unit tests for every class.

Reading

Required: The article 'Refactoring for everyone' at http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/opensource/library/os-ecref/. Aim to remember: what refactoring is, and a few examples, not the details of the refactorings discussed here.

Suggested: browse around Fowler's page at http://refactoring.com/. Some of his book *Refactoring* is available on Google Books e.g., details of some of the refactorings in the catalog.

Quote of the day

Refactoring provides enough energy to a system for it to relax into a new and more comfortable state, a new local minimum. The effect of refactoring commonality is to tame the complexity of your system.

K. Henney