Informatics 1 Functional Programming Lecture 4 Monday 30 September 2013

# Lists and Recursion

Don Sannella University of Edinburgh

# Part I

# Lists and Recursion

# Cons and append

Cons takes an element and a list. Append takes two lists.

```
(:) :: a -> [a] -> [a]
(++) :: [a] \rightarrow [a] \rightarrow [a]
1 : [2,3] = [1,2,3]
[1] ++ [2,3] = [1,2,3]
[1,2] ++ [3] = [1,2,3]
'l' : "ist" = "list"
"l" ++ "ist" = "list"
"li" ++ "st" = "list"
[1] : [2,3]
         -- type error!
         -- type error!
1 ++ [2,3]
[1,2] ++ 3
         -- type error!
"]" : "ist"
          -- type error!
']' ++ "ist"
           -- type error!
```

(:) is pronounced *cons*, for *construct*(++) is pronounced *append* 

# Lists

Every list can be written using only (:) and [].

$$[1,2,3] = 1 : (2 : (3 : []))$$
  
"list" =  $['l','i','s','t']$ 

A *recursive* definition: A *list* is either

- *empty*, written [], or
- *constructed*, written x:xs, with *head* x (an element), and *tail* xs (a list).

# A list of numbers

```
Prelude> null [1,2,3]
False
Prelude> head [1,2,3]
1
Prelude> tail [1,2,3]
[2,3]
Prelude> null [2,3]
False
Prelude> head [2,3]
2
Prelude> tail [2,3]
[3]
Prelude> null [3]
False
Prelude> head [3]
3
Prelude> tail [3]
[]
Prelude> null []
True
```

Part II

Mapping: Square every element of a list

# Two styles of definition—squares

#### Comprehension

```
squares :: [Integer] \rightarrow [Integer]
squares xs = [ x * x | x < - xs ]
```

#### Recursion

```
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x*x : squaresRec xs
```

# Pattern matching and conditionals

#### Pattern matching

```
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x*x : squaresRec xs
```

#### Conditionals with binding

```
squaresCond :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresCond ws =
    if null ws then
    []
    else
        let
        x = head ws
        xs = tail ws
        in
        x*x : squaresCond xs
```

squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x\*x : squaresRec xs

```
squaresRec [1,2,3]
```

```
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x*x : squaresRec xs
    squaresRec [1,2,3]
=
    squaresRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
```

```
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x*x : squaresRec xs
squaresRec [1,2,3]
=
squaresRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
= { x = 1, xs = (2 : (3 : [])) }
1*1 : squaresRec (2 : (3 : []))
```

```
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x*x : squaresRec xs
    squaresRec [1,2,3]
=
    squaresRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
    1*1 : squaresRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
    { x = 2, xs = (3 : []) }
    1*1 : (2*2 : squaresRec (3 : []))
```

```
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x*x : squaresRec xs
    squaresRec [1,2,3]
=
    squaresRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
    1*1 : squaresRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
    1*1 : (2*2 : squaresRec (3 : []))
=
    { x = 3, xs = [] }
    1*1 : (2*2 : (3*3 : squaresRec []))
```

```
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x * x : squaresRec xs
   squaresRec [1,2,3]
=
   squaresRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1*1 : squaresRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : squaresRec (3 : []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : (3*3 : squaresRec []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : (3*3 : []))
```

```
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x x : squaresRec xs
   squaresRec [1,2,3]
=
   squaresRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1*1 : squaresRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : squaresRec (3 : []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : (3*3 : squaresRec []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : (3*3 : []))
=
  1 : (4 : (9 : []))
```

```
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x x : squaresRec xs
   squaresRec [1,2,3]
=
   squaresRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1*1 : squaresRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : squaresRec (3 : []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : (3*3 : squaresRec []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : (3*3 : []))
=
   1 : (4 : (9 : []))
=
   [1,4,9]
```

```
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x x : squaresRec xs
   squaresRec [1,2,3]
=
   squaresRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1*1 : squaresRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : squaresRec (3 : []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : (3*3 : squaresRec []))
=
   1*1 : (2*2 : (3*3 : []))
=
   1 : (4 : (9 : []))
=
   [1,4,9]
```

## QuickCheck

```
-- squares.hs
import Test.QuickCheck
squares :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squares xs = [ x*x | x <- xs ]
squaresRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
squaresRec [] = []
squaresRec (x:xs) = x*x : squaresRec xs
prop_squares :: [Integer] -> Bool
prop_squares xs = squares xs == squaresRec xs
```

```
[jitterbug]dts: ghci squares.hs
GHCi, version 7.4.2: http://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
*Main> quickCheck prop_squares
+++ OK, passed 100 tests.
*Main>
```

## Part III

# Filtering: Select odd elements from a list

# Two styles of definition—odds

#### Comprehension

odds :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
odds xs = [ x | x <- xs, isOdd x ]</pre>

#### Recursion

# Pattern matching and conditionals

#### Pattern matching with guards

```
oddsRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
oddsRec [] = []
oddsRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x : oddsRec xs
| otherwise = oddsRec xs
```

#### Conditionals with binding

```
oddsCond :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
oddsCond ws =
    if null ws then
    []
else
    let
        x = head ws
        xs = tail ws
    in
        if isOdd x then
        x : oddsCond xs
        else
        oddsCond xs
```

```
oddsRec [1,2,3]
```

```
oddsRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
oddsRec []
                           = []
oddsRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x : oddsRec xs
               | otherwise = oddsRec xs
   oddsRec [1,2,3]
=
   oddsRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1 : oddsRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
  1 : oddsRec (3 : [])
= { x = 3, xs = [], isOdd 3 = True }
   1 : (3 : oddsRec [])
```

```
oddsRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
oddsRec []
                            = []
oddsRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x : oddsRec xs
               | otherwise = oddsRec xs
   oddsRec [1,2,3]
=
   oddsRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1 : oddsRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1 : oddsRec (3 : [])
=
   1 : (3 : oddsRec [])
=
  1 : (3 : [])
```

```
oddsRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
oddsRec []
                            = []
oddsRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x : oddsRec xs
               | otherwise = oddsRec xs
   oddsRec [1,2,3]
=
   oddsRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1 : oddsRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1 : oddsRec (3 : [])
=
   1 : (3 : oddsRec [])
=
   1 : (3 : [])
=
   [1,3]
```

```
oddsRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
oddsRec []
                            = []
oddsRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x : oddsRec xs
               | otherwise = oddsRec xs
   oddsRec [1,2,3]
=
   oddsRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1 : oddsRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1 : oddsRec (3 : [])
=
   1 : (3 : oddsRec [])
=
   1 : (3 : [])
=
   [1,3]
```

# QuickCheck

```
-- odds.hs
import Test.QuickCheck
odds :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
odds xs = [x | x < -xs, isOdd x]
oddsRec :: [Integer] -> [Integer]
oddsRec []
                           = []
oddsRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x : oddsRec xs
               | otherwise = oddsRec xs
prop_odds :: [Integer] -> Bool
prop odds xs = odds xs == oddsRec xs
```

```
[jitterbug]dts: ghci odds.hs
GHCi, version 7.4.2: http://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for help
*Main> quickCheck prop_odds
+++ OK, passed 100 tests.
*Main>
```

# Part IV

# Accumulation: Sum a list

sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs

```
sum [1,2,3]
```

```
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
sum [1,2,3]
=
sum (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
```

```
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
sum [1,2,3]
=
sum (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
= {x = 1, xs = (2 : (3 : []))}
1 + sum (2 : (3 : []))
```

```
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
sum [1,2,3]
= sum (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
= 1 + sum (2 : (3 : []))
= 1 + (2 + sum (3 : []))
= {x = 3, xs = []}
1 + (2 + (3 + sum []))
```

```
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
   sum [1,2,3]
=
    sum (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1 + sum (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1 + (2 + sum (3 : []))
=
   1 + (2 + (3 + sum []))
=
   1 + (2 + (3 + 0))
```

```
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
   sum [1,2,3]
=
    sum (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1 + sum (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1 + (2 + sum (3 : []))
=
    1 + (2 + (3 + sum []))
=
   1 + (2 + (3 + 0))
=
    6
```

```
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
   sum [1,2,3]
=
    sum (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1 + sum (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1 + (2 + sum (3 : []))
=
    1 + (2 + (3 + sum []))
=
   1 + (2 + (3 + 0))
=
    6
```

```
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum [] = 0
sum (x:xs) = x + sum xs
   sum [1,2,3]
=
    sum (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1 + sum (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1 + (2 + sum (3 : []))
=
    1 + (2 + (3 + sum []))
=
   1 + (2 + (3 + 0))
=
    6
```

## Product

```
product :: [Integer] -> Integer
product [] = 1
product (x:xs) = x * product xs
    product [1,2,3]
=
    product (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
    1 * product (2 : (3 : []))
=
    1 * (2 * product (3 : []))
=
    1 * (2 * (3 * product []))
=
    1 * (2 * (3 * 1))
=
    6
```

#### Part V

# Putting it all together: Sum of the squares of the odd numbers in a list

## Two styles of definition

#### Comprehension

sumSqOdd :: [Integer] -> Integer sumSqOdd xs = sum [ x\*x | x <- xs, isOdd x ]</pre>

#### Recursion

```
sumSqOddRec :: [Integer] -> Integer
sumSqOddRec [] = 0
sumSqOddRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x*x + sumSqOddRec xs
| otherwise = sumSqOddRec xs
```

```
sumSqOddRec :: [Integer] -> Integer
sumSqOddRec [] = []
sumSqOddRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x*x + sumSqOddRec xs
| otherwise = sumSqOddRec xs
```

sumSqOddRec [1,2,3]

```
sumSqOddRec :: [Integer] -> Integer
sumSqOddRec [] = 0
sumSqOddRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x*x + sumSqOddRec xs
| otherwise = sumSqOddRec xs
sumSqOddRec [1,2,3]
= 
    sumSqOddRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
= 
    1*1 + sumSqOddRec (2 : (3 : []))
= { x = 2, xs = (3 : []), isOdd 2 = False }
    1*1 + sumSqOddRec (3 : [])
```

```
sumSqOddRec :: [Integer] -> Integer
                                = 0
sumSqOddRec []
sumSqOddRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x*x + sumSqOddRec xs
                   | otherwise = sumSqOddRec xs
   sumSqOddRec [1,2,3]
=
   sumSqOddRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1*1 + sumSqOddRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1*1 + sumSqOddRec (3 : [])
         \{x = 3, xs = [], isOdd 3 = True \}
=
   1*1 + (3*3 : sumSqOddRec [])
```

```
sumSqOddRec :: [Integer] -> Integer
                                  = 0
sumSqOddRec []
sumSqOddRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x*x + sumSqOddRec xs
                      otherwise = sumSqOddRec xs
   sumSqOddRec [1,2,3]
=
   sumSqOddRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1*1 + sumSqOddRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1*1 + sumSqOddRec (3 : [])
=
   1*1 + (3*3 + sumSqOddRec [])
=
   1 \times 1 + (3 \times 3 + 0)
```

```
sumSqOddRec :: [Integer] -> Integer
                                     0
sumSqOddRec []
                                  =
sumSqOddRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x*x + sumSqOddRec xs
                      otherwise = sumSqOddRec xs
   sumSqOddRec [1,2,3]
=
   sumSqOddRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1*1 + sumSqOddRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1*1 + sumSqOddRec (3 : [])
=
   1*1 + (3*3 + sumSqOddRec [])
=
   1 \star 1 + (3 \star 3 + 0)
=
   1 + (9 + 0)
```

```
sumSqOddRec :: [Integer] -> Integer
                                     0
sumSqOddRec []
                                  =
sumSqOddRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x*x + sumSqOddRec xs
                      otherwise = sumSqOddRec xs
   sumSqOddRec [1,2,3]
=
   sumSqOddRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1*1 + sumSqOddRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1*1 + sumSqOddRec (3 : [])
=
   1*1 + (3*3 + sumSqOddRec [])
=
   1 \times 1 + (3 \times 3 + 0)
=
   1 + (9 + 0)
=
   10
```

```
sumSqOddRec :: [Integer] -> Integer
                                     0
sumSqOddRec []
                                  =
sumSqOddRec (x:xs) | isOdd x = x*x + sumSqOddRec xs
                      otherwise = sumSqOddRec xs
   sumSqOddRec [1,2,3]
=
   sumSqOddRec (1 : (2 : (3 : [])))
=
   1*1 + sumSqOddRec (2 : (3 : []))
=
   1*1 + sumSqOddRec (3 : [])
=
   1*1 + (3*3 + sumSqOddRec [])
=
   1 \times 1 + (3 \times 3 + 0)
=
   1 + (9 + 0)
=
   10
```