Informatics 1: Computation & Logic: Logical Equivalences

December 2, 2010

The following logical equivalences are assumed to be known for the Computation & Logic exam.

For propositions X and Y we have the following set of equivalences:

- $\neg \neg X$ is equivalent to X
- $X \to Y$ is equivalent to $\neg X \lor Y$
- $X \leftrightarrow Y$ is equivalent to $(X \to Y) \ \land \ (Y \to X)$
- $\neg(X \lor Y)$ is equivalent to $\neg X \land \neg Y$
- $\neg(X \land Y)$ is equivalent to $\neg X \lor \neg Y$
- $X \vee (Y \wedge Z)$ is equivalent to $(X \vee Y) \wedge (X \vee Z)$
- $X \wedge (Y \vee Z)$ is equivalent to $(X \wedge Y) \vee (X \wedge Z)$