

The fall-out: part 2

L_{halt} is *not* recursive but it *is* r.e.

Consider

$L_{\text{loop}} = \{\langle M \rangle \$x \mid M \text{ does } \textit{not} \text{ halt on input } x\}$,

i.e., complement of L_{halt} except for badly formed strings.

Question: Can this be recursive or r.e.?

Clearly: Can't be recursive.

THEOREM The complement of a recursive language is recursive.

THEOREM A language L is recursive if and only if both L and \bar{L} are recursively enumerable.

COROLLARY The language L_{loop} is *not* recursively enumerable.

The uniform halting problem (reprise):

$$L_{\text{uhalt}} = \{\langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ halts on all inputs } x \in \{0, 1\}^*\}.$$

We show this is not r.e.

- $\overline{L_{\text{uhalt}}}$ not r.e. either so need a subtler approach.

Reducing L_{loop} to L_{uhalt}

- We have: $\langle M \rangle \$ x$ — instance of L_{loop} .
- We want: $\langle M_x \rangle$ — instance of L_{uhalt} .

Must satisfy:

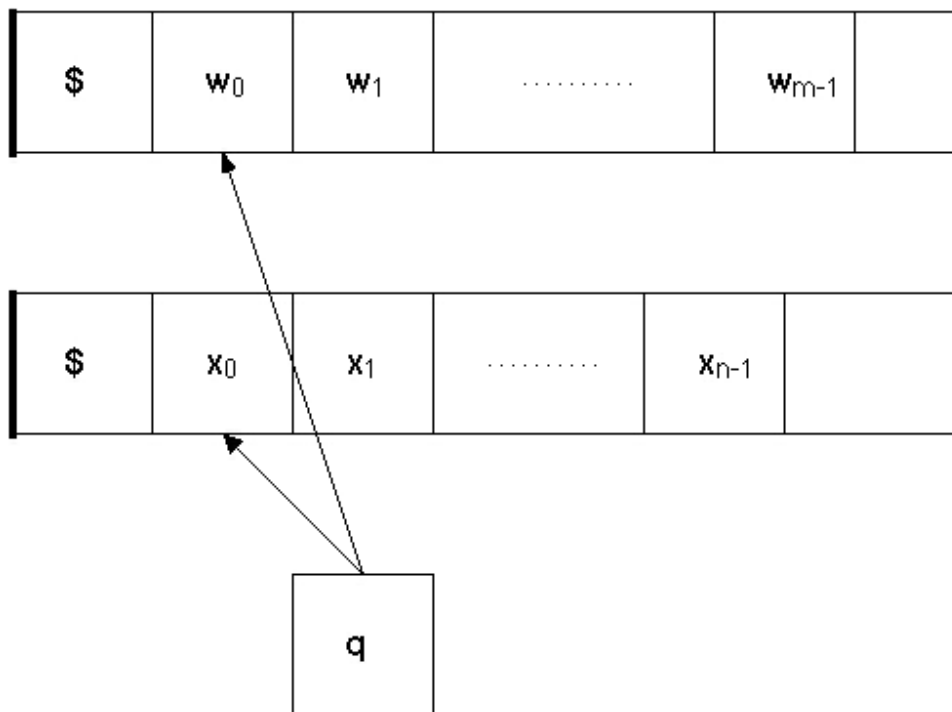
M does not halt on $x \iff M_x$ halts on all inputs.

Key idea: M_x treats its input as a time bound for M when run with input x .

First build two tape TM M'_x with behaviour:

Given input $w \in \{0, 1\}$

1. Mark leftmost squares;
2. Write x on tape 2;
3. Interpret w as a counter;
Simulate M on x and decrement counter
after each step;
4. When counter becomes 0;
if simulation hasn't halted then halt
else go into an infinite loop;



Proof systems for the uniform halting problem

Want: System to conduct formal proofs about the behaviour of TMs, i.e.,

- a formal language for making assertions about TMs,
- a collection of axioms and inference rules.

Make only two assumptions about this system:

(a) Language can express assertions of form 'machine M halts on all inputs', M an arbitrary binary TM.

(b) Proofs are machine checkable, i.e., there is a TM M_{check} that meets the specification:

INPUT: $\langle M \rangle \pi$, i.e., binary Turing machine M , and $\pi \in \{0, 1\}^*$.

OUTPUT: 'Yes' if π encodes a valid proof of the assertion ' M halts on all inputs', 'no' otherwise.

Note: M_{check} always halts.

Obvious requirements on system:

- *Sound*: Proofs don't lie, i.e., provable \rightarrow true.
- *Complete*: If M halts on all inputs then there is a proof, i.e., true \rightarrow provable.

Fact: If such a proof system exists then L_{uhalt} is r.e.

Conclusion: No such system exists.